What Happened in Fukushima?

-- what was communicated and how --

JAIF's Experience and My Personal View



PIME 2012 February 12, 2012, Warsaw



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1. What happened in Fukushima and why?



Outline of the Accident

- # Earthquake and Tsunami hit Fukushima Daiichi site
- **Severe accident at multiple units**
- **Kelease of radioactivity** into the environment





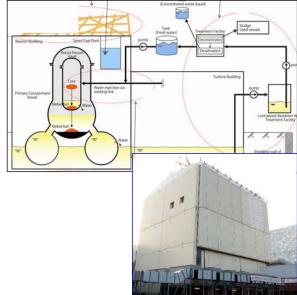
1. What happened in Fukushima and why?



Current status of the plant

Prime Minister announced the conclusion of step 2 of roadmap for stabilization (Dec. 16, 2011)

- ₭ Core cooling
- ₭ Spent Fuel Pool cooling
- Radioactive effluent management
- Control of radioactive material release



1. What happened in Fukushima and why?



Evacuation and Measures for Remediation

 Restriction on inhabiting
 Shipping / intake control
 Decontamination of the land



1. What happened in Fukushima and why?



Lessons learned: my personal view

Robustness of design design margin, diversity of sys., balance between prevention and mitigation etc. **# Emergency preparedness** how to prepare emergency with reality **# Information release** how to inform timely and plainly with transparent manner **# Safety culture** imagination for extremely rare event



- **# In an extremely unusual situation**
- Severe situation happened simultaneously at Fukushima Daiichi and Fukushima Daini NPS of TEPCO
- **# Plant situations were becoming** worse
- # For the local residents, the general public and for the international community, lack of information is the most critical
- Information released from Nuclear Emergency Response Headquarters is most crucial







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Accident and Information for Foreign Press: March 11-21

| | | Departure at Lipite 4.4 | Evacuation and other | Briefings in English for foreign press in | English Press | English Press | IAIE's information activity (in Easthab) |
|------------|-------|---|------------------------|---|-----------------|---------------|--|
| | | Reactor status at Units 1-4 | orders | Tokyo/Explanation at international level | Release by NISA | | |
| 2011/3/11 | 14:46 | Great East Japan Earthquake | | | | 2 releases | First four reports on the day (AIJ "Quake |
| (Friday) | | Off-site power lost | | | | | Triggers Evacuation of Residents |
| , | | Reactor scram | | | | | Surrounding Fukushima-1 NPS") |
| | 14:47 | All control rods fully inserted | | | | | Earthquake Report 1-3 |
| | | Emergency DG start up | | | | | |
| | 15:37 | Station black out due to the tsunami | | | | | |
| | | | Evacuation from 3 km, | | | | 1 |
| | 21:23 | | stay in-house 3-10 km | | | | |
| | | Increased radiation level at the turbine building | | | | | |
| | 23 | (Unit 1) | | | | | |
| | | reactor containment exceeded max. pressure | | | | | |
| 2011/3/12 | 0:49 | (Unit 1) | | | 4 releases | 12 releases | 3 media inquiries |
| | | Freshwater injection using fire pumps started | | | | | |
| (Saturday) | 5:46 | (Unit 1) | Evacuation from 10 km | | | | |
| | 10:17 | PCV venting started (Unit 1) | | | | | |
| | | Successful containment vessel venting (Unit 1) | | | | | |
| | 15:36 | Hydrogen explosion at Unit 1 | | | | | |
| | 18:25 | Hydrogen explosion at onit 1 | Evacuation from 20 km | | | | |
| | | Sea water injection started at Unit 1 | Evacuation from 20 km | | | | |
| 2011/3/13 | | | | Briefing at Foreign Ministry | 4 releases | 5 releases | 3 media inquiries |
| (Sundav) | | | | Briefing at Foreign Willistry | 4 10100505 | 5 Teledses | 5 media inquines |
| 2011/3/14 | 11:01 | Hydrogen explosion at Unit 3 | La Allanda I | Briefing at Foreign Press Center (FPC) | 4 releases | 3 releases | Reactor status report |
| | 11.01 | Hydrogen explosion at onit 5 | and she was a | Bliefing at Foreign Fless Center (FFC) | 4 10100505 | 3 Teledses | Reactor Status Update 1 |
| (Monday) | | | | | | | 8 media inquiries |
| 2011/3/15 | 6:20 | Impulsive sound at Unit 2 | | | 1 release | | Earthquake Report 6,7,8 |
| (Tuesday) | 6:20 | Hydrogen explosion and fire at Unit 4 | | | Tielease | | Earlinguake Report 0,7,0 |
| (Tuesuay) | 11:00 | | stay in-house 20-30 km | | | | Reactor Status Update 2,3,4 |
| | 11.00 | | stay in-nouse 20-30 km | | | | 3 media inquiries (1 from abroad) |
| 2011/3/16 | 0.27 | Large amount of white smoke from Unit 3 | 1 | Briefing at FPC | 2 releases | 3 releases | Reactor Status Update 5,6,7 |
| (Wed.) | 0.37 | Large amount of white smoke norm offic 3 | | Briefing at FFC | 2 Teledses | 3 Teledses | Earthquake Report 9 |
| (weu.) | | | | | | | 8 media inquiries |
| 2011/3/17 | 0.49 | SDF helicopters dropped water on Unit 3 | | Briefing at FPC | 2 releases | 3 releases | Reactor Status Update 8,9,10,11 |
| | 9.40 | SDF helicopters dropped water on Unit 3 | | Brieling at FPC | z releases | 3 releases | |
| (Thursday) | | | | | | | Earthquake Report 10,11 5 media inquiries (2 from abroad) |
| 0011/0/10 | 47.50 | NISA declared INES Level 5 to Units 1-3 | | Briefing at FPC | 0 | 4 | Reactor Status and Major Events Update 12 |
| 2011/3/18 | 17:50 | NISA declared INES Level 5 to Units 1-3 | | Briefing at FPC | 3 releases | 1 releases | |
| (Friday) | | | | | | | Earthquake Report 12,13 |
| | | | | | | | 2 Atoms in Japan (AIJ) |
| | | | l | | | | 6 media inquiries (1 from abroad) |
| 2011/3/19 | | | | Briefing at FPC | 5 releases | 2 releases | Reactor Status and Major Events Update |
| | | | | 5 | | | 13,14,15 |
| (Saturday) | | | | | | | Earthquake Report 14,15 |
| | | | | | 1 | | 1 media inquiries |
| 2011/3/20 | | | | Technical briefing at IAEA, Vienna | 3 releases | 3 releases | Reactor Status and Major Events Update |
| | | | | = | | | 16,17,18, 19 |
| (Sunday) | | | | Briefing at FPC | | | Earthquake Report 16,17,18 |
| 2011/3/21 | | Water injection to SPF of Unit 3 | | Technical briefing at IAEA, Vienna | 5 releases | 2 releases | Reactor Status and Major Events Update |
| | | | | с . | | | 20,21,22 |
| (Monday) | | | | Special Meeting at IAEA BG | | | Earthquake Report 19,20 |
| | | | 1 | Briefing at Prime Minister's Office | 1 | 1 | 4 media inquiries |





Communication routes in an emergency

TEPCO issued two, almost identical, press releases on March 11, "Occurrence of a Specific Incident Stipulated in Article 10, Clause 1 of the Act on Special Measures Concerning Nuclear Emergency Preparedness (Fukushima Daiichi)", which nobody can understand.





2. Information transmitted abroad



Government action on information release

- Here has been no briefing by the Government for foreign press until the third day after the Accident (March 13).
- **X** No English press release from NISA on March 11.
- # Edano, the Chief Cabinet Secretary, held press conferences 5-6 times a day. Simultaneous English interpretation was not accompanied until late March.



Reactions from Overseas: Confusion, doubt and distrust

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Information released from Japan

- delayed / not timely
- multi sources / not one voice / inconsistent
- not clear / difficult to understand
- too technical / too detailed
- not comprehensive / fragmentary
- not progressive manner
- **# Does not match with recipient's needs !**
- **X** Language problem ? Cultural difference ?

2. Information transmitted abroad

Reactions from Overseas: what happened and why? (1)

% "Too late, too insufficient, too unclear" information brought about:

- > Import ban / restrictions / inspections on agricultural and marine foods, industrial products
- Decreased foreign tourists
- Cancellation of events
- Call for evacuation
- Foreign people went back to home country
- Movement of embassy's office apart from Tokyo

#Lack of information and communication is the root cause!





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Reactions from Overseas: what happened and why? (2)

- **# Huge amount of contaminated water** which cooled the degraded cores and leak-in groundwater was accumulated in the buildings
- **#** To manage effluent contaminated water, **TEPCO discharged** low level radioactive water into the sea
- **# Internationally:** protest by neighboring countries (Korea, China and Russia)
- **# Domestically:** protest by fisherman's union

Fukushima Accident

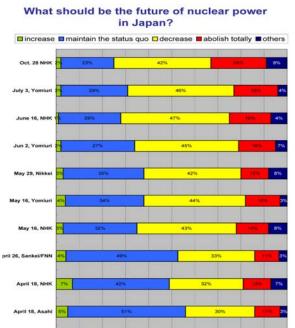
3. Influence on Public Opinion and Energy Policy (1)

Public opinion surveys by Japanese mass media show

- H Drastic decrease of support for nuclear power, day by day
- Drastic increase of non-support as æ time goes by

æ These trends can be attributed to:

- Large scale radioactive \geq contamination became apparent
- People fears the radioactive contamination of food and water
- Electricity crisis and rotational \geq blackout in March 2011 is over













Fukushima Accident



3. Influence on Public Opinion and Energy Policy (2)

- **B** Deliberation on energy policy have been underway
- **Holistic examination of various aspects is crucial**
 - impact on economy, environmental conservation and national security
 - rise of fossil fuel price
 - ✓ reduction of greenhouse gas emission
 - ensuring safety and security of the people
 - avoiding the creation of a tight electricity supply and demand
- In the mid-to long-term, dependence on nuclear power must be reduced to the maximum extent
- ***** New strategy and plan will be compiled by this summer

4. JAIF's Activity



Information Transmission (1)

Things need to be considered #Target audience #Type of information #How often / timeliness #How plainly / easy to understand #Means of transmission #Source of information / credibility

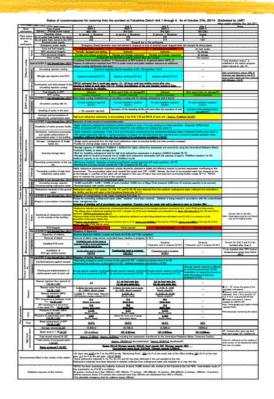
4. JAIF's Activity

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Information Transmission (2)

Reactor status report

First attempt to make a table of the reactor status, in a easy to understand way, was done on Monday March 14. The status report was updated 3-4 times a day until April 20, and currently updated weekly.



4. JAIF's Activity

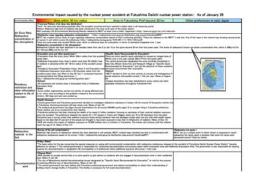
Information Transmission (3)

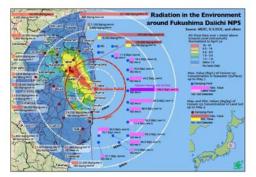
Environmental effects

Radioactive contamination and

radiation monitoring are of the interest of global general public and mass media.

 Easy-to-understand information is updated weekly and available at JAIF English Homepage.







4. JAIF's Activity



Information Transmission (4)

General Information is also available at JAIF Homepage

- **Status of Japanese** nuclear power plants
- **Here : Here : He**
- Deliberation on nuclear policy



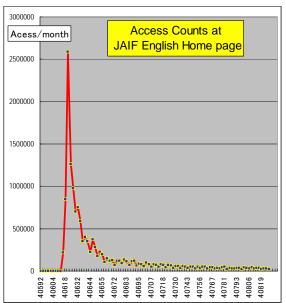


4. JAIF's Activity

Information Transmission (5)

Reactions from Abroad

- JAIF's English information on Fukushima has been heavily quoted by nuclear organizations such as IAEA, US NRC, German Government, Polish National Atomic Energy Agency.
- Access to JAIF English homepage has increased by 2,500 times after the Accident, from 1,000/month to the peak of 2,500,000/month.
- JAIF's information has been useful and heavily used worldwide by nuclear community and mass media.



5. Lessons learned about Accident Communication

#Critical item about information released

- ✓ candid information
- ✓ timely information
- ✓ progressive information
- understandable information
- user-oriented information
- ✓ consistent information

Communication on released information is crucial for mutual understanding and confidence building

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6. Conclusions

- It is estimated Nuclear Power will play an key role for securing energy supply and confronting climate change even after Fukushima Accident
- # For the revitalization of Japanese nuclear program, it is crucial to overcome Fukushima accident and restore public confidence about nuclear safety
- **#** Without understanding, cooperation and support of general public and international community, it is impossible to revitalize nuclear program in the world
- Communication on released information is the key factor for mutual understanding and confidence building



Never, Ever again anywhere in the world ! Transparency and communication build Confidence !

Thank you for your attention !

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