Message

Since its inception, IRID has been engaged in developing robots for decommissioning works. Concering the current status of developments, the following is a message from Dr. Hajime Asama, the leading figure in the field df robotics.

There are still many areas with high levels of radiation, making it difficult for people to approach such environments. Robots and remote control technologies are therefore crucial for decommissioning of the TEPCO Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station.

Up to now, various robots and remotely controlled devices have been deployed to remove rubble, investigate inside buildings (capturing images, measuring levels of radiation, etc.), decontaminate, and take samples (dust, contaminated water, concrete core, etc.). Just after the accident, robots for military use and unmanned construction machines were primarily used, but considering the unprecedented requirements for accidents occurring at nuclear power plants, specialized devices that address particular situations must be developed in order to make progress with specific decommission-

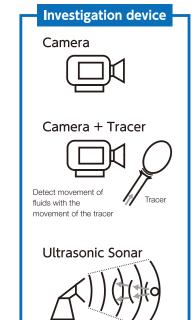
The International Research Institute for Nuclear Decommissioning (IRID) has been in charge of developing many of the more than 40 remotely controlled devices that have been deployed so far. Developing remotely controlled devices that can operate stably and complete the assigned surveys and tasks in unknown situations and operating environments is extremely challenging; training is also required for the operators who maneuver the devices. IRID has developed and deployed various devices so far and has successfully accomplished many missions. However, there have, of course, been failures as well. The accumulation of our past experiences, and the various types of expertise which have been acquired with the development of remotely controlled devices will

be crucial for the further development.

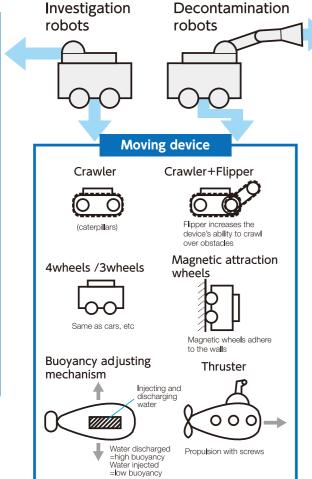
From now on, the primary focus will be on retrieval of fuel debris, However, it is not only the development of remote control technologies for the retrieval of fuel debris such as cutting and handling of the fuel debris that are required, but also new remote control technologies which assist in the process leading to the retrieval, such as technologies for the investigation of fuel debris and sampling, decontamination, and fixing water leakages. Further development of remotely controlled devices that can conduct surveys and tasks in more complicated, high radioactive and underwater environments will also be demanded. Development of such devices is not an easy task. It is therefore of paramount importance that we gather wisdom and intelligence from around the world to address this agenda.

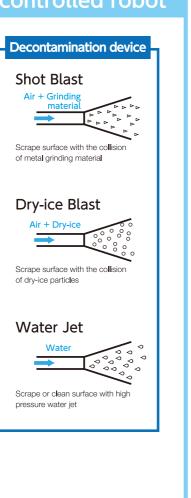


Main function and names of parts of the remotely controlled robot



Detect movement of fluids with the reflected waves from the particles in



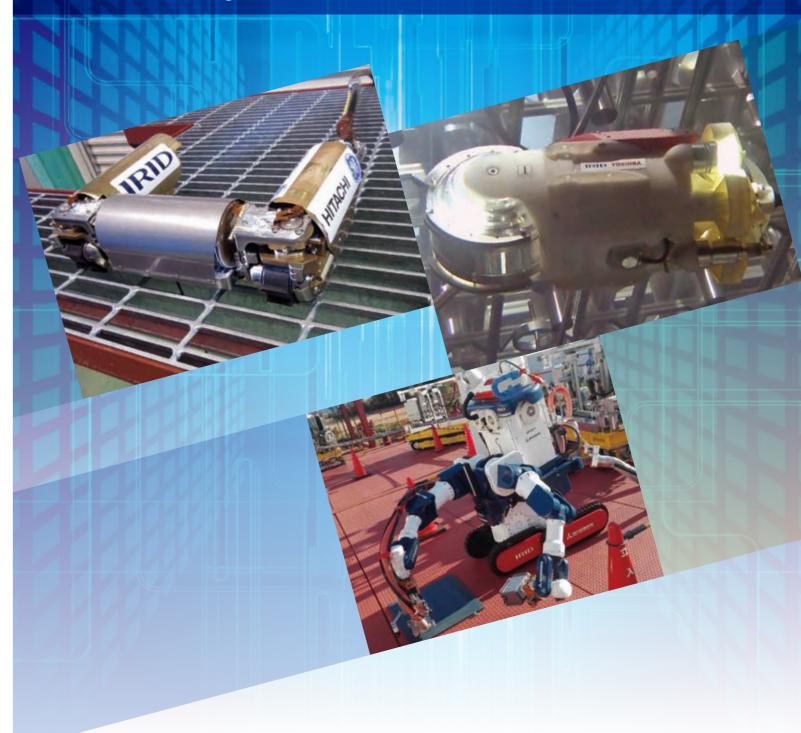


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Various robots that support and take the place of human beings in decommissioning works at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station.





Investigation Robots

★: A newly added robots

Working Robots



nent for Upper Floors of the Reactor Building

following 4 technologies: suction, blast, dry-ice blast, high pressure water jet Location of Work: Unit 1~3. Floor and bottom area wall surfaces on the 2nd and 3rd floor of he reactor building evelopment by: Mitsubishi Heavy Industries

itachi-GE, Toshiba emonstration Testing Schedule: Second half of FY 2015 (actual robots will be used from

Working Truck Mobility: Crawle

Weight: Approximately 750 kg

Intermediary Truck* Mobility: Crawler Veight: Approximately 680 kg Measurement and weight of junction truck section varies depending on the device loaded.



cope of Work: Decontamination with sho

ocation of Work: Unit 1~3. Floor and lower all surfaces on 1st floor of reactor building velopment by: Mitsubishi Heavy Indusnstration testing schedule: Second



Decontamination Device

Scope of Work: Decontamination with drv-ice blast Location of Work: Unit 1~3. Floor and lower wall surfaces on 1st floor of reactor

Development by: Toshiba nstration testing schedule: First half of FY 2014

Dimensions: W 923 mm x D 1460 mm x H 1841 mm

ligh Pressure Water Jet

Decontamination Device

ocation of Work: Unit 1~3. Floor and lower

onstration testing schedule: First half

wall surfaces on 1st floor of reactor building

Development by: Hitachi-GE

Arounder)



High Places Scope of work: Decontamination with dry-ice blast Location of Work: Unit 1~3. Wall surfaces

ceilings, ducts, cable trays etc. at a height of 5-8 meters on 1st floor of reactor building Development by: Toshiba half of FY 2015

Devices: Working truck for remote decontamination of high places, supporting truck etc. (also used for low places)
Dimensions: W 930 mm x L 2069 mm x H 1961 mm Maximum reachable height of device: 8000mn Weight: Approximately 1700 kg



Decontamination Device for High

Places (Super-Graffe)

Location of Work: Unit 1~3. High wall surfaces and structures on 1st floor of

eactor building Development by: Mitsubishi Heavy Indus-Demonstration Testing Schedule: Second half

of FY 2015 (actual robots will be used from

Weight: Approximately 4000 kg



High Pressure Water Jet Decontamination Device for

Scope of Work: Decontamination with water jet Location of Work: Unit 1~3. High wall surfaces of 2 neters or more, and structures on 1st floor of reactor

Development by: Hitachi-GE
Demonstration Testing Schedule: Second half of FY 2015 (actual robots will be used from 2016)



Shielding Block & Iron Plate Detaching Device

Scope of Work: Removing shielding

Development by: Mitsubishi Heav

ocation of Work: Unit 2, 1st floor of

(TEMBO)

blocks and iron plates

st half of FY 2015

eactor building

nvestigation Robot Inside Unit 1 Primary Containment Vessel (PCV) (shape-changing robot PMORPH-1)

ope of Investigation: Capturing images, measurradiation levels and temperature on grating on st floor outside pedestal inside PCV of Unit 1 ocation of Investigation: Grating on the 1st floor outside the pedestal inside the PCV of Unit 1 Development by: Hitachi-GF Demonstration Testing Schedule: First half of FY 2015

Spent Fuel Pool

Primary Reactor

∖Primary L<u>oo</u>p

Recirculation Pump

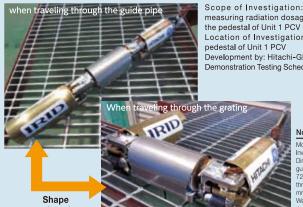
ermoneter mensions: (when traveling through the lide pipe) approximately L 600 mm x 70 mm x H 95 mm / (When traveling rough the grating) approximately L 20 mm x W 290 mm x H 95 mm eight: Approximately 10 kg (excludes

Reactor Pressure

Primary Containment Vessel

5 F (Operating Floor)

★ Investigation Robot Inside Unit 1 Primary Containment Vessel (PCV) (shape-changing robot PMORPH-2)



ope of Investigation: Capturing images and the pedestal of Unit 1 PCV (B2 Investigation) ocation of Investigation: Basement outside the

evelopment by: Hitachi-GF Demonstration Testing Schedule: Second half of FY 2016

★ Robot for Investigation Inside Unit 3 Primary Containment Vessel (PCV)



cope of Investigation; Evaluating conditions side pedestal inside Unit 3 PCV (such as ssible damage to multiple structures inside the pedestal) ocation of Investigation: Inside pedestal of

Jnit 3 PCV Development by: Toshiba monstration Testing Schedule: First half of

Shape changing

ight: Approximately 2 kg (in air), neutral buoyancy (

(Gengo ROV: Underwater Floating Robot) Scope of Investigation: Investigation of penetration in the wall surface

Location of Investigation: Penetration in the torus room and turbine building

Torus Room Wall Surface Investigation Device

Development by: Hitachi-GE Demonstration Testing Schedule: First half of FY 2014

Dimensions: L 500 mm x W 400 mm x H 400 Weight: Approximately 22 kg (in air), neutral

Investigation Robot Inside Unit 2 Primary

Containment Vessel (PCV) A2 Investigation



Scope of Investigation: Confirming conditions status of platform on the inside of pedestal in the PCV of Unit 2 Place of Investigation: Platform on the inside of the pedestal in the PCV of Unit 2 Development by: Toshiba Demonstration Testing Schedule: Second half of FY 2016

★ Deposit Removal Equipment



Dimensions: approximately
L 300 mm x W 90 mm x H 90 mm
Weight: Approximately 3 kg

Torus Room Wall Surface Investigation Device (Tri-Diver: The Crawling Robot)

Scope of Investigation: Investigation of penetration in the wall surface under Location of Investigation: Penetration parts in torus room and turbine

Development by: Hitachi-GE

Demonstration Testing Schedule: First half of FY 2014



Weight: Approximately 40 kg (in air), approxi-

Investigation Device for Upper Part of Suppression Investigation Device for Upper Part of Suppression Chamber (S/C) in Unit 1 Chamber (S/C) in Unit 1 (Tele-runner: Investigation of (Tele-runner: Investigation of Upper Part of S/C)



Scope of Investigation: Investigation of leaks from the upper structure of the S/C from C/W Location of Investigation: S/C Upper Part of the S/C in Torus Room of Unit 1

Demonstration Testing Schedule: First half of FY

Torus Room Wall Surface (Sonar)) Scope of Investigation: Investigation of flow



sonar device from C/W Location of Investigation: Penetration in torus room and the turbine building (underwater) of Unit 1

Development by: Hitachi-GE tration Testing Schedule: First half of FY 2014

Investigation Device for Upper Part of Suppression Chamber(S/C) in Unit 1 (Tele-runner: Investigation of Torus Room Wall Surface (Camera))



Scope of Investigation: Investigation of leaks in the penetration parts in wall surface by suspending camera from C/W Location of Investigation: Penetration parts in torus

oom and turbine building (underwater) of Unit 1 Development by: Hitachi-GE Demonstration Testing Schedule: First half of FY

Investigation Device for Lower Outer Surface of Suppression



Chamber (S/C) (SC-ROV)

Scope of Investigation: Adhering to outer surface of S/C to confirm holes with a diameter larger than 30mm in the lower outer surface of the S/C using lights and cameras (four cameras equipped front and rear, right and left) by remotely operation cation of Investigation: Outer surface of the S/C in the torus room of Unit2

Development by: Toshiba emonstration Testing Schedule: First half of FY 2014

Investigation Device for Joint Section Between Vent Pipe – Dry Well (D/W)(VT-ROV)



cope of Investigation: Adhering to outer surface of vent pipe to investigate eaks from the vent pipe-D/W joint and water flow inside a lower part of ncrete wall opening using lights and camera by remotely operation ocation of Investigation: Joint section of vent pipe in the torus room and CV shell (in the air) (schedule for actual use of robots in tasks has not yet velopment by: Toshiba

Torus Room

(S/C)

Sand Cushion Drain Pipe Investigation Device (DL-ROV)



or more from the submerged sand cushion drain pipe opening using lights, camera and a tracer release mechanism ocation of Investigation: Exit of sand cushion drain pipe in the torus room derwater) (schedule for actual use of robot in tasks has not yet beer

Development by: Toshiba

monstration Testing Schedule: First half of FY 2014