51st JAIF Annual Conference

Energy economics: 3 essential viewpoints

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Credit Suisse Securities (Japan) Limited Chief Market Strategist **Energy economics 3 essential viewpoints**

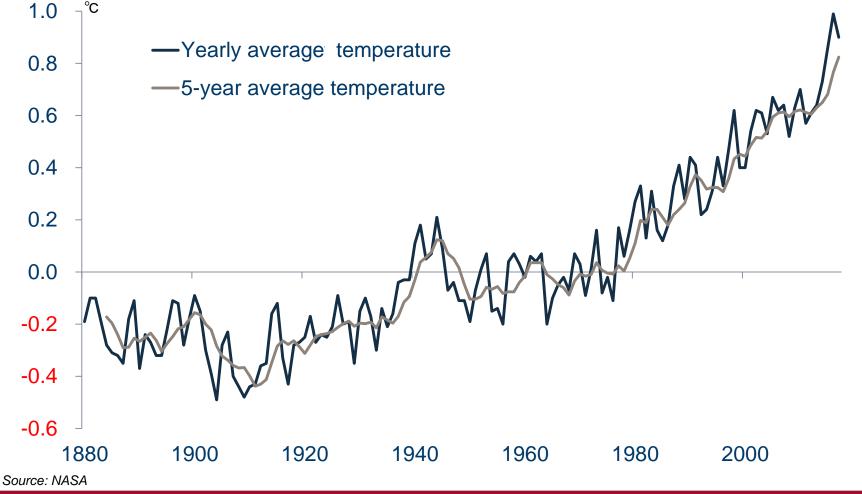
□Risk of global warming

□Cost for resource poor nation

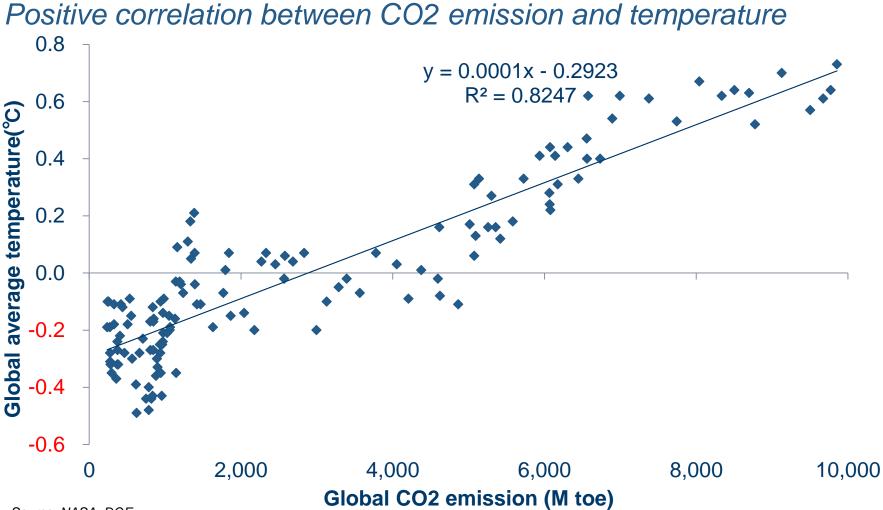
□Regressive tendency of energy cost

Global average temperature (relative to 1951-1980 average temperatures)

Global warming accelerated after World War II



CO2 emission and global average temperature

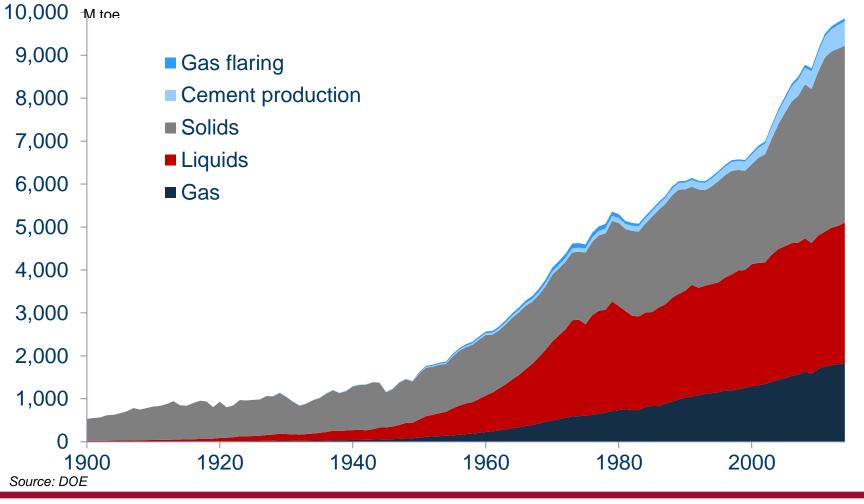


Source: NASA, DOE

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Major factors of CO2 emission

Fossil-fuel burning has been major factor of CO2 emission



Reduce fossil-fuel burning as much as and as quick as possible

Transit route of oil and LNG to East Asia

South and East China Sea should be very important sea-lane

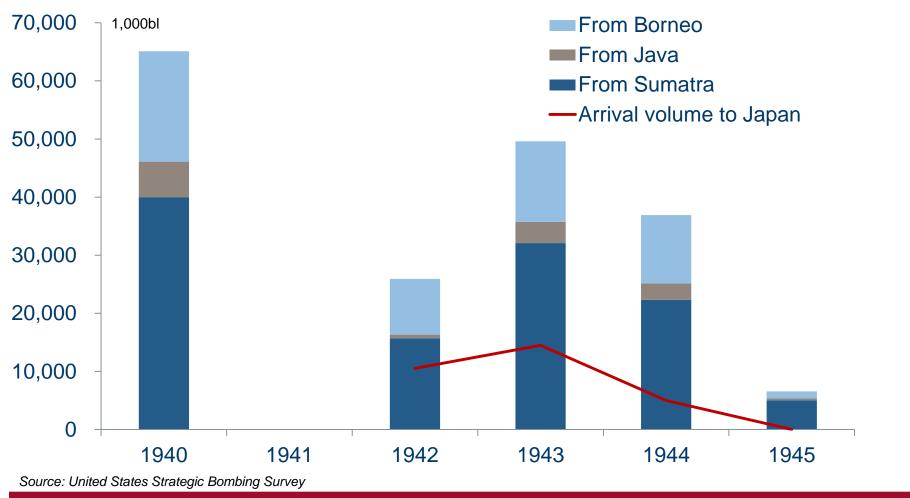


Source: US Energy Information Administration

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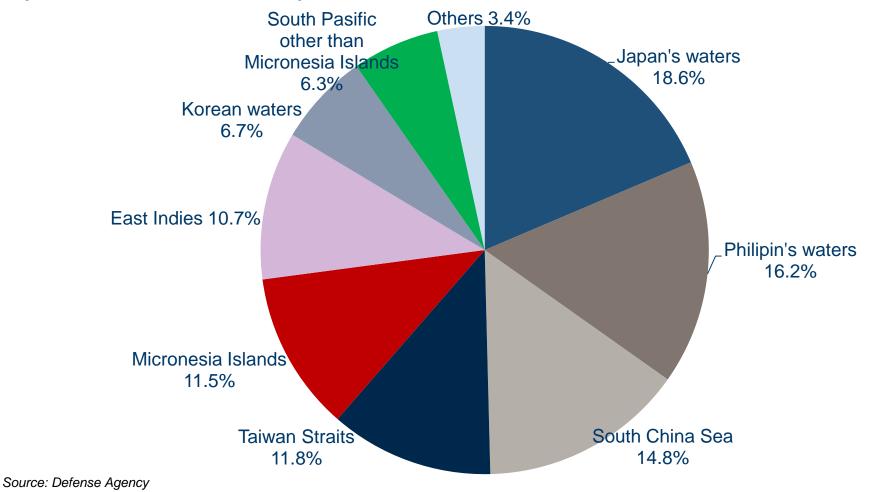
Oil production in Dutch Indochina and transport volume to Japan during WW II

Almost oil produced in Indonesia was lost on the way to Japan



Where Japanese merchant ships were lost during WW II

Japanese merchant ships were lost on the current sea-lane



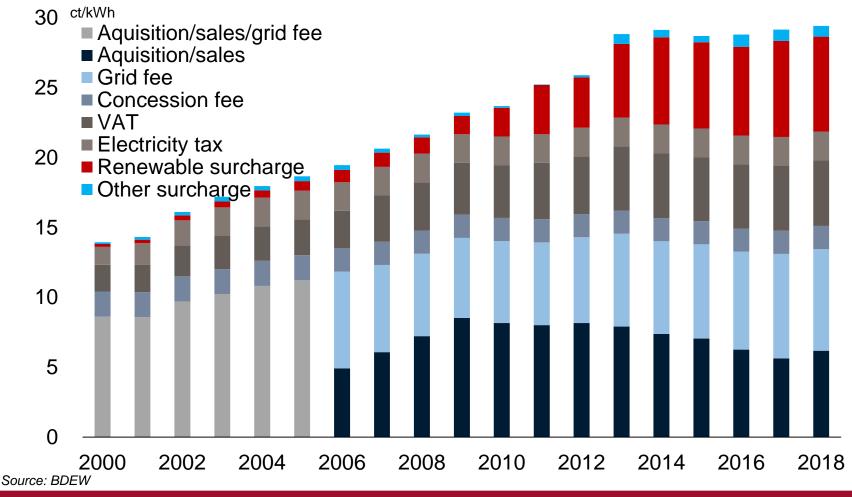
Conclusion 2: Cost for resource poor nation

□Keep Japan's own resources

Diversify supply nations and routes

Power fee for households in German

EEG surcharge has raised power fee paid by households



Consider not only industrial competitiveness but also life quality of low income households in regard to "energy best mix"

Summary: Energy economics

Invisible cost

- Cost of global warming
- Cost of national security
- Cost of social stability

Risk diversification

- Power sources (fuels)
- Supplier (geographic risk/security on sea-lane)

Importance to save stable baseload

Essential condition to spread EV