

French Nuclear Policy and Industry Update

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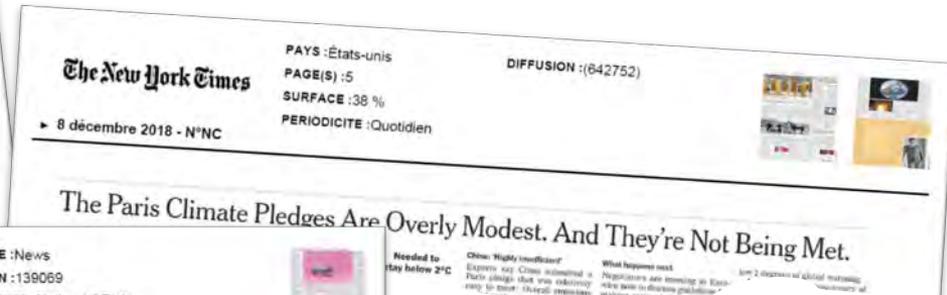


Global Warming – An emergency



“ We are already seeing the consequences of 1°C of global warming through more extreme weather, rising sea levels and diminishing Arctic sea ice, among other changes” ”

Panmao Zhai, co-chairman of the IPCC



Global Warming: An equation that has to be solved



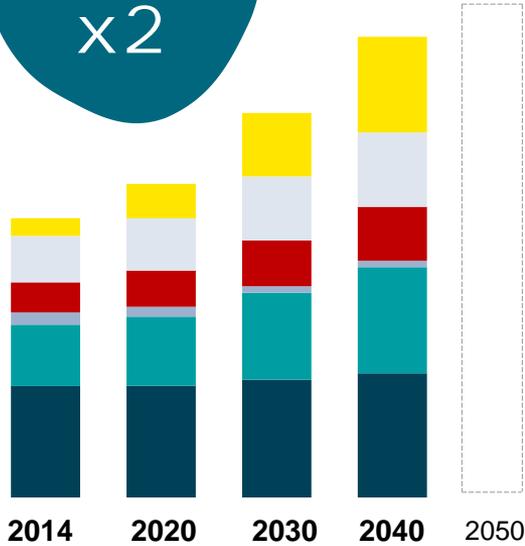
Energy
x2

Factor
4

CO₂
÷ 2



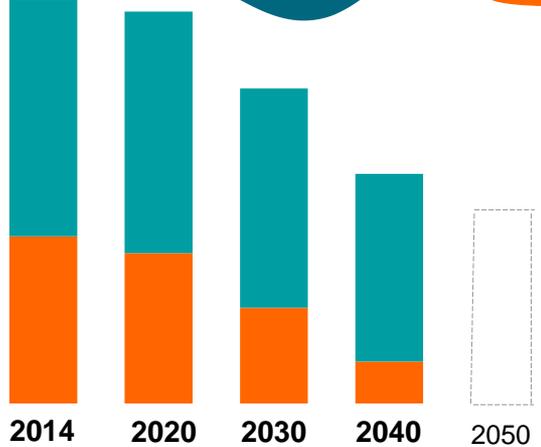
Renewables
Hydro
Oil
Gas
Coal



Nuclear
+ 80%

Others

Electricity production



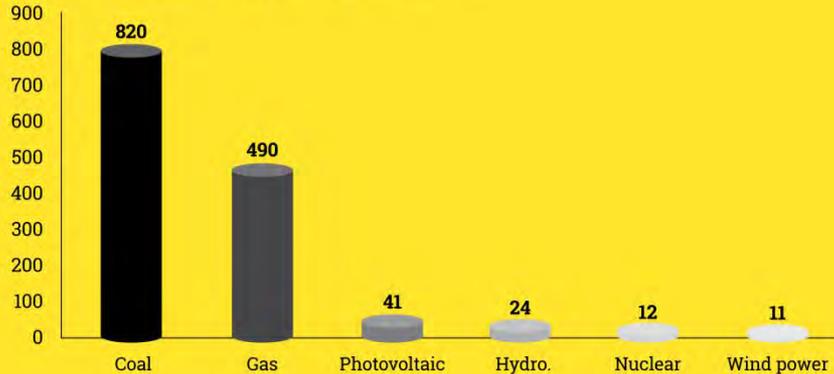
Source: WEO 2016

Nuclear – a need underlined by IPCC

IPCC ranks nuclear among low carbon energies globally, with emissions comparable to wind power

Greenhouse gas balance sheet (g eq CO₂/kwh)

Source : Revue de littérature IPCC from GIEC, 2015.



PPE: aiming for France's total decarbonization by 2050



-30% greenhouse gas emissions in 2028 compared to 2016



35% less fossil fuel consumption by 2020 compared to 2012



+100% of renewable installed capacity compared to 2018



- Housing renovation and polluting car replacement (300 000 housings and > 600 000 cars by 2023)
- -14% total energy consumption by 2028



Diversify electricity production and reduce the share of nuclear power to 50% by 2035



Social and Economic



Social and economic orientation to the MEP:

- Stable electricity prices over the MEP period (-1% target by 2030)
- Boost economic growth and employment

PPE: aiming for France's total decarbonization by 2050

- Goal for nuclear electricity to have a share of 50 % by 2035
- Decision to close 14 reactors by 2035 (including Fessenheim) and to plan the nuclear fleet renewal roadmap
- EDF has to work on a new nuclear program between now and 2021



“

Let's stop saying that it is necessary to force the rapid closure of nuclear reactors so that renewable energies can find their place, as it's not true and it's not the case.

”

“

Nuclear allows us, today, to benefit from energy that is low-carbon and low-cost, that is the reality.

”

Emmanuel Macron, speech given on November 27, 2018

PPE: confirmation of recycling/processing strategy for the nuclear sector

The strategy for the recycling/processing of nuclear fuel

will be maintained for the period of France's multi-year energy program (*Programmation Pluriannuelle de l'Energie – PPE*) and beyond, into the 2040s

The strategy for recycling/processing has to be maintained (...)

by opting for the use of Mox fuel in 1,300 MWe reactors

by conducting study in the perspective to multirecycle Plutonium in current PWR reactors.



Extracts from the press kit and synthesis of French Strategy for Energy and climate issued by the French Ministry for the Ecological & Inclusive Transition

Fuel closed cycle – 3 steps approach

Short term

MOX
1300

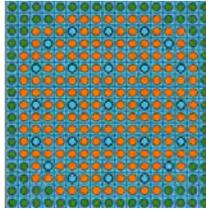
Maintain current treatment policy by using MOX Fuel in 1 300MW NPP, to compensate closure of 900MW NPP in the frame of French PPE



Mid Term

MOX
2

Research and development program to introduce the multirecycling of spent MOX fuels into the current fleet of reactors



Long Term

GEN
IV

Development for a new generation of nuclear reactors



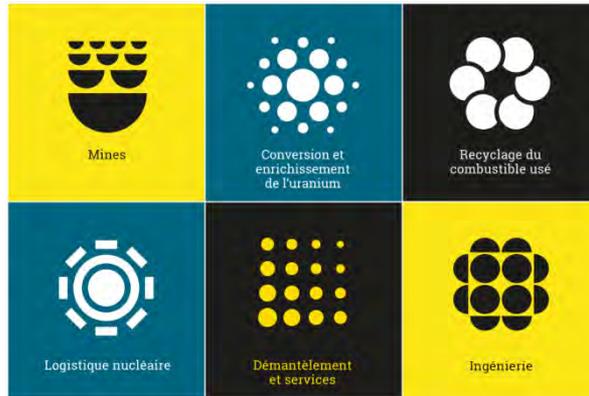
Orano in a glance

€33.2 bn
In backlog
as of June 2018
i.e. more than
8 years of
revenue

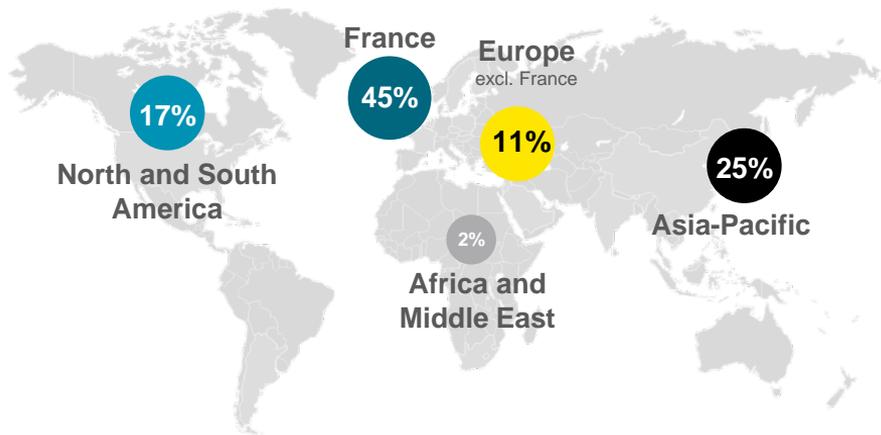
€3,926 M
in revenue
2017

16,000
employees
across
the world

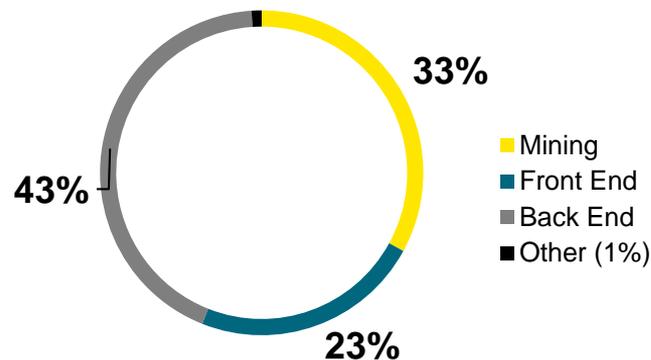
among
Top 3
worldwide
in each of
its businesses



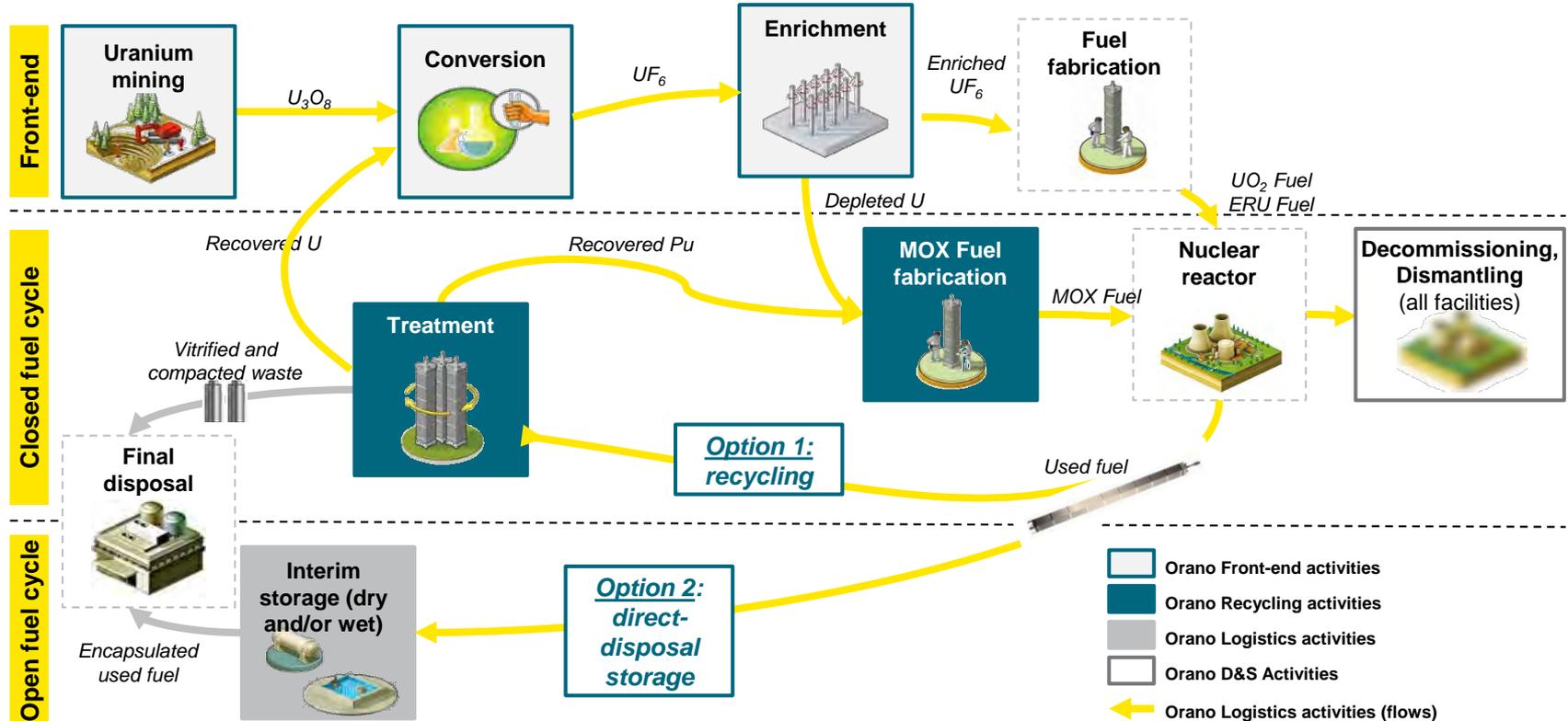
Breakdown of 2017 revenue by region



Breakdown of 2017 revenue by business



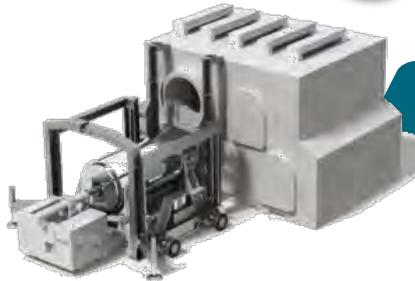
Orano activities – Nuclear Fuel cycle



Innovation



Innovation for D&D projects



Waste and spent fuel management



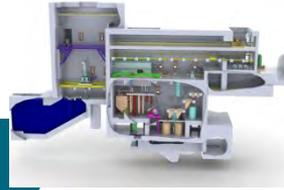
oranomed

Use of Pb^{212} Cancer treatment

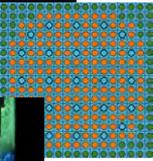
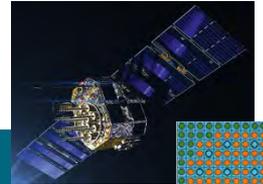


New conversion plant

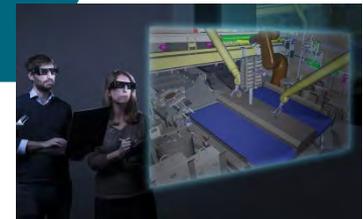
Treatment of special fuel



R&D for a further recycling of spent fuels in order to improve current Fuel closed Cycle



Improve our engineering methods



Thank you



orano

