Current Status and the Future of Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station

April, 30 2015

Ken YAMAGUCHI

Fukushima Daiichi Decontamination and Decommissioning Engineering Company, Tokyo Electric Power Company



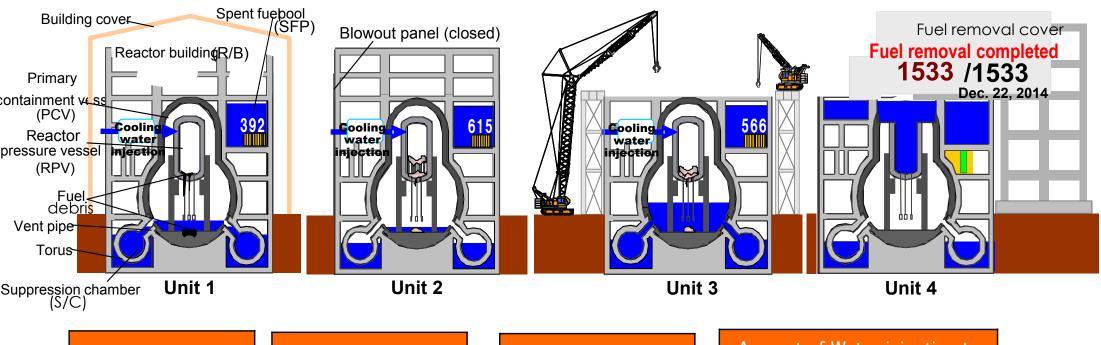
Today's Topics

- 1. Current status on Fukushima Daiichi NPS
- 2. Measures against contaminated water
- 3. Improving reliability of equipment
- 4. Fuel removal from the spent fuel pool
- 5. Toward fuel debris removal
- 6. Improving work environment
- 7. Promotion of decommissioning works



1. Current Status on Fukushima Daiichi NPS (Status of reactors and buildings) 2

All units maintain cold shutdown state



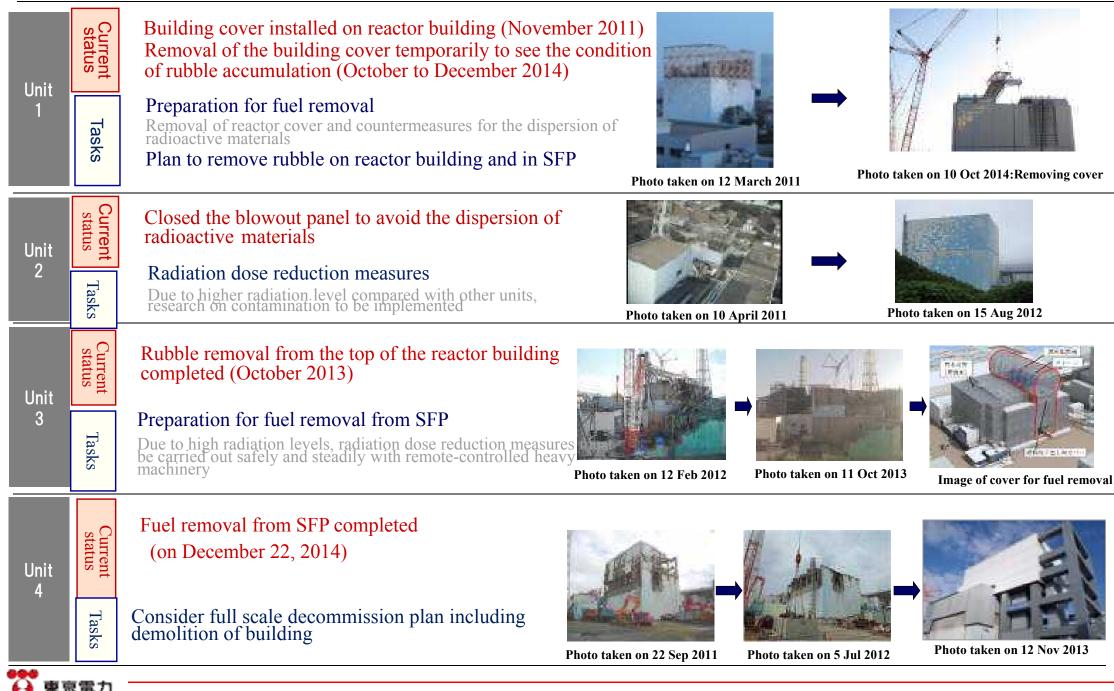
| RPV bottom temp. | | PCV internal temp. | | | Spent Fuel Pool temp. | | | Amount of Water injection to reactor | |
|------------------|--------|--------------------|--------|---|--------------------------|--------|----|---|----------------|
| Unit 1 | 15.3°C | Unit 1 | 15.5°C | | Unit 1 | 14.0°C | n. | Unit 1 | 4 .5㎡∕h |
| Unit 2 | 21.6°C | Unit 2 | 25.1°C | r | Unit 2 | 29.1°C | | Unit 2 | 4 .5㎡∕h |
| Unit 3 | 18.2°C | Unit 3 | 17.7°C | | Unit 3 | 23.1°C | | Unit 3 | 4.3mੈ∕h |

Values as of 11:00 on March 25th 2015

*Removal of fuel rods in SFP at Unit 4 was completed on December 22, 2014.

1. Current Status on Fukushima Daiichi NPS (Current status and Tasks)

3



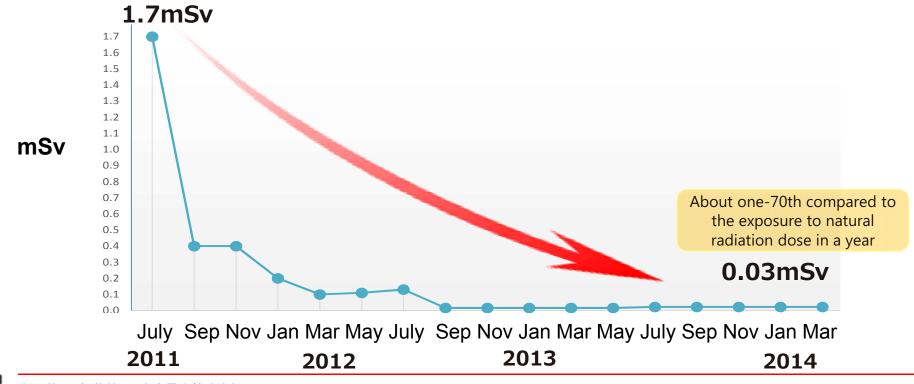
The amount of radioactive materials (cesium) released from Unit 1-3 PCVs is assessed based on airborne radioactive material concentrations (dust concentration) at the top of reactor buildings
→Calculated the assessed value of total release amount (as of July, 2013) as <u>about</u>
<u>10 million Bq/hr.</u>

 \rightarrow <u>About one-80 millionth</u> compared to immediately after the accident.

Accordingly, assessed the exposure dose at site boundary as 0.03 mSv/yr. at maximum.

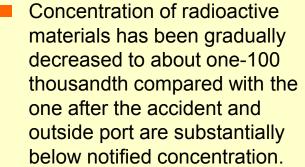
(Excluding effect of already released radioactive materials) Note: Exposure limit established by law is 1 mSv/yr.

The exposure dose by the radioactive materials (cesium) from Units 1 to 4



1. Current Status on Fukushima Daiichi NPS (Concentration of radioactive materials)

10000000



In front of Inlet of coolant at unit 3 (Bg/L)

1000000

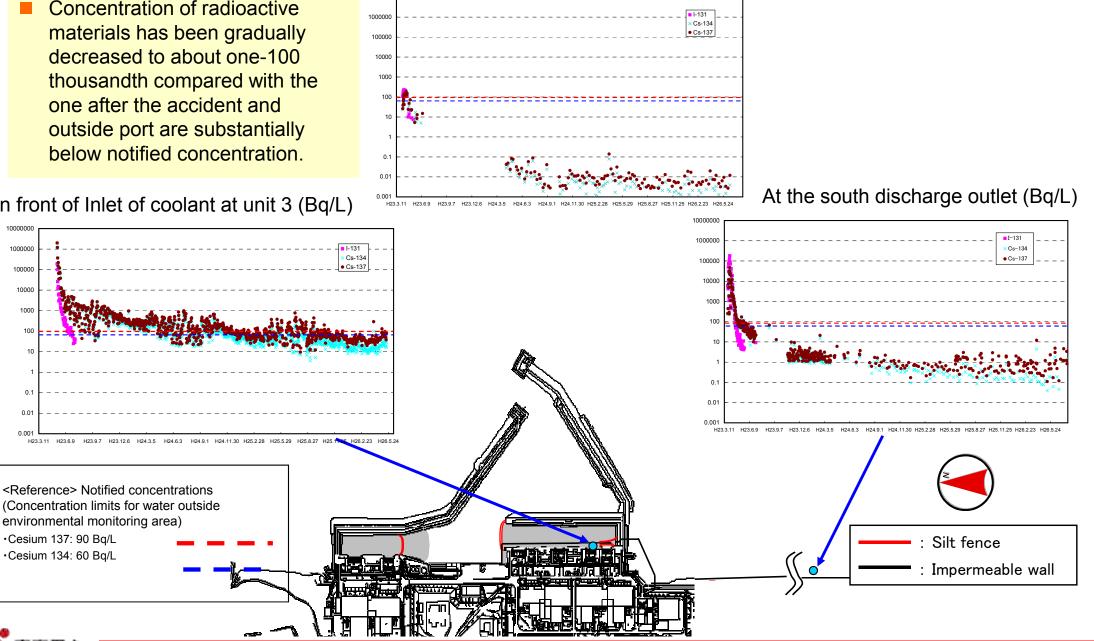
10000

10000

0.0

0.001

15 km off the coast of NPS (Bg/L)



5

2. Measures against Contaminated Water (3 policies and concrete measures)

6

⑦Foundation improvement

(8)Sea-side

Tank installation

impermeable wal

Provided by Japan Space Imaging Corporation, (C)DigitalGlobe

6 Paving of site to curb soil infiltration

(2) Removal of highly contaminated water in trenches

(4)Wells near buildings

③Groundwater bypass

(5)Land-side impermeable wall

(sub-drains)

8

Policy 1. <u>Remove</u> source of contamination

Clean up contaminated water with Multi-nuclide removal equipment (ALPS)

2 Remove contaminated water in trenches (Underground tunnel with piping)

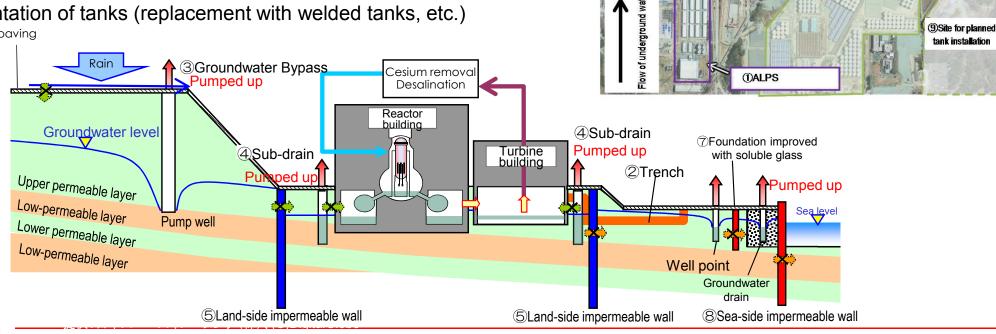
Policy 2. Isolating groundwater from contamination sources

- ③ Pumping up groundwater through groundwater bypasses
- 4 Pumping up groundwater through wells near buildings
- (5) Installation of frozen-soil impermeable wall on the land side
- 6 Paving of site to curb permeation of rainwater into soil

Policy 3. Preventing leakage of contaminated water

- Ground improved with water glass
- 8 Installation of impermeable walls on the sea side





Expansion of the facility for purifying contaminated water

January 10, 2015)

| Contaminated water treatment facility | 1 Multi-nuclide removal equipment | 2 Extended multi- nuclide removal equipment | 3 High-performance multi-nuclide removal equipment | |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Removal capability | Applicable to 62 nucl | ides, down to less than anno | unced density limit | |
| Treatment capability | 250 m³/day x 3 systems | 250 m3/day x 3 systems | 500 m³/day | |
| Current state | Test run (from March 30) | Test run (from September 17) | Test run (from October 18) | |
| Mobile-type Sr removal system | 6 RO concentrated water treatment system | 6 Sr removal by KURION | 7 Sr removal by SARRY | |
| | - | | | |
| | Strontium (Sr) amo | unt: 1/100 to 1/1000 | | |
| 100 m ³ /day x 2 systems 480 m ³ /day x 4 units | 500-900 m³/day | 600 m³/day | 1,200 m ³ /day | |
| Operation (from | Operation (from | Operation (from | Operation (from | |

January 6, 2015)

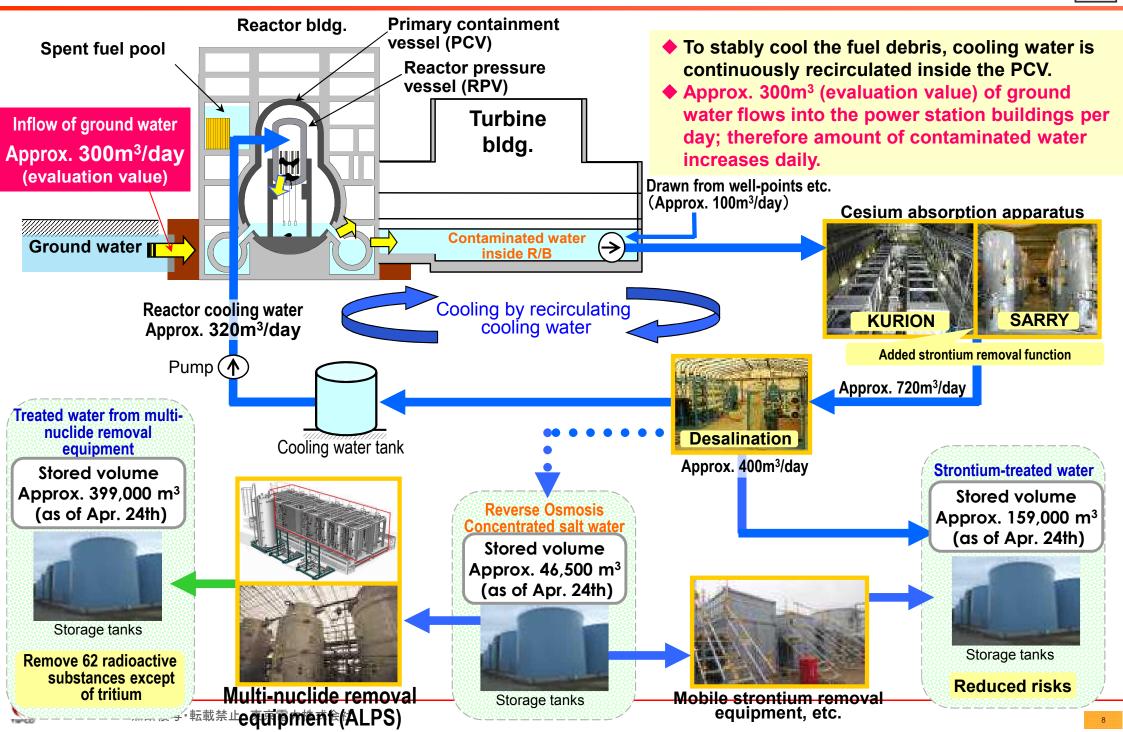
December 26)



October 2)

7

2. Measures against Contaminated Water (recirculating cooling water)



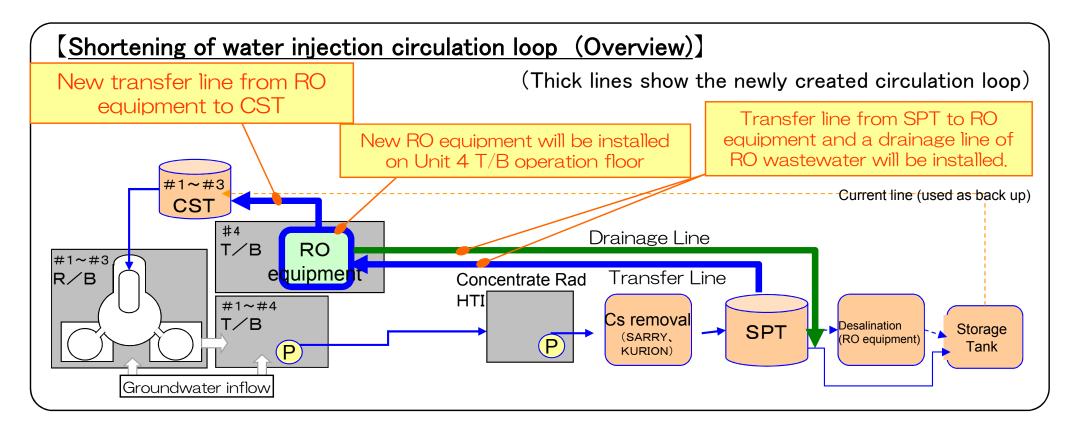
8

3. Improving reliability of equipment (Shortening of water injection circulation loop)

New RO equipment will be installed on Unit 4 T/B floor so that water injection circulation loop is shortened and risks for leakage from transfer pipe is reduced. (To be implemented in the first half of FY 2015)

9

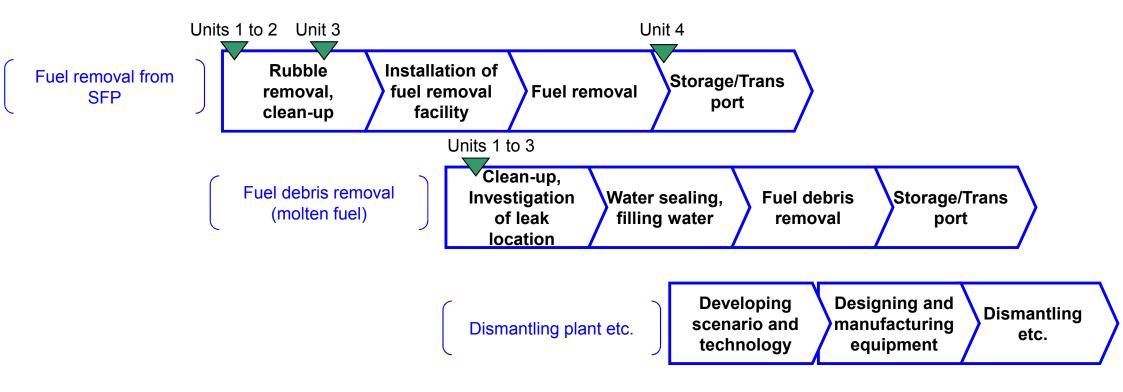
This makes water injection circulation loop shorten from 3 km to 0.8 km. (If transfer line to storage tank is included, the whole length of the loop is about 2.1 km.)





4. Fuel removal from the spent fuel pool (Major work items for decommission and the current status of each unit) 10

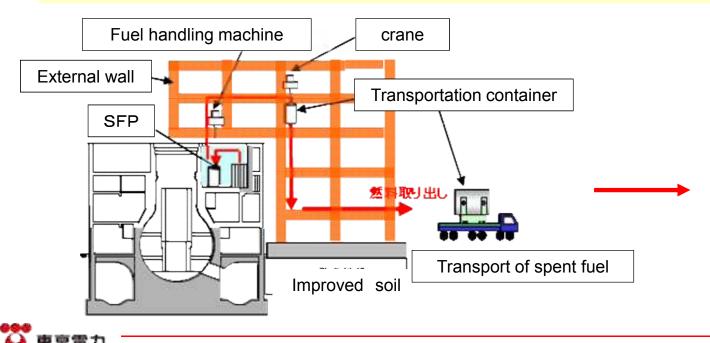
- The major work items for decommissioning include fuel removal from SFP, fuel debris removal (molten fuel), dismantling plant etc.
- Removing fuels from Unit 4 SFP is completed as of 22 Dec 2014 and we are preparing for starting fuel debris removal in Units 1 to 3.





4. Fuel removal from the spent fuel pool (Removing fuel rods at Unit 4)

- 11
- The fuel assemblies (1533 rods) stored inside the Unit 4 spent fuel pool were transferred to the common pool.
- External wall for removing fuel rack was built (4,000 tons of steel used, construction period : March 2012 to May 2013)
- The transfer started on 18 November 2013 and completed on 22 December 2014.
- Relocate the fuel assemblies stored in the fuel rack inside the spent fuel pool, one by one, into a transportation container (cask) underwater using a fuel handling machine.
- 2 Lift up the cask from the spent fuel pool using a crane.
- ③ Conduct, on the floor as high as the operating floor, such works as closing the lid of the cask and decontaminating the cask.
- ④ Lift down the cask toward the ground using the crane to lay it on a trailer.
- (5) Transport the cask to the common pool using the trailer.





Common pool

4. Fuel removal from the spent fuel pool (Status on operating floor at Unit 3)



Before removing large rubble



Photo taken in March 2011

Current status (decontamination work in progress)

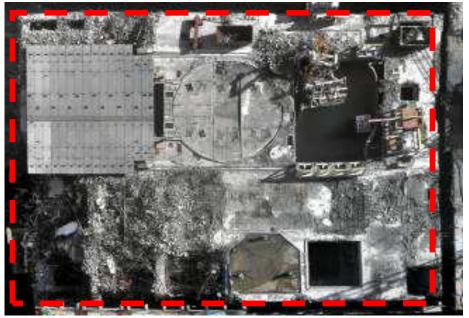


Photo taken in December 2014

[Current status on operating floor (at present)]

•Removal of rubble has been completed and decontamination and shielding work is underway

 \rightarrow Anti-scattering measures are taken during decontamination work as used in removing rubble.

Removing rubble in SFP is in progress

 \rightarrow As debris are in the pool, no anti-scattering measures taken for this task.

[Work schedule in the future]

1Removing rubble ightarrow

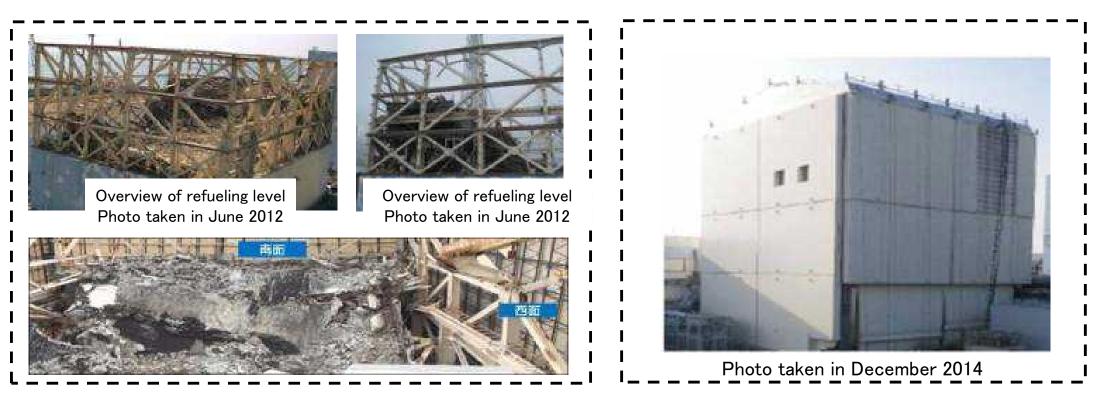
②Decontamination and rubble removal in SFP

 \rightarrow ③Install shield \rightarrow ④Install cover for fuel removal

Conditions on the top of operating floor of R/B

Building cover installed (at present)

13



[Current status on the top of operating floor (at present)]

•Roof panels were replaced after temporary removal (Replacement completed on 4 Dec 2014) [Work schedule in the future]

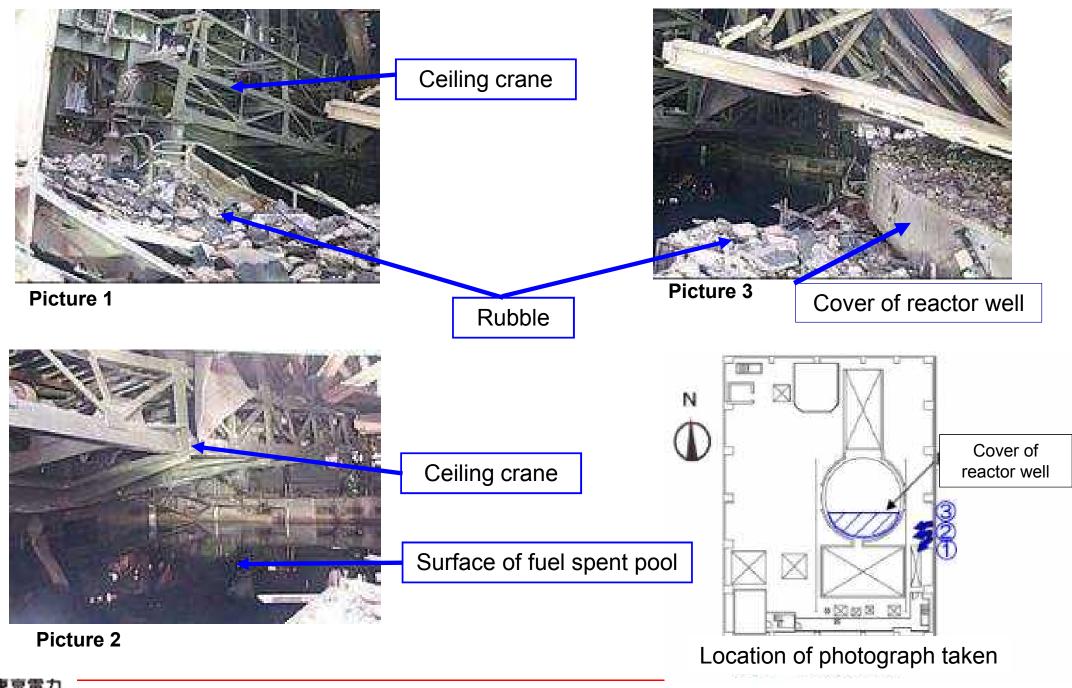
①Building cover removed

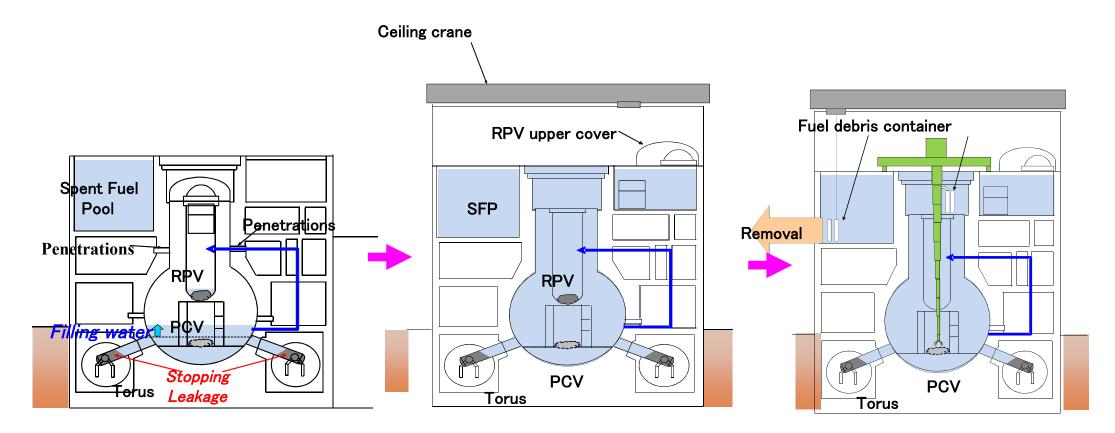
→ ②Removal of rubble → ③Decontamination work

④Shielding → ⑤Installation of cover for fuel removal

4. Fuel removal from the spent fuel pool (Status of refueling floor at Unit 1)







Repair of leakage point at PCV

(Stopping leakage to filling lower PCV with water) (image)

Work image toward fuel debris removal

Removal of fuel debris

<u>(image)</u>



Decontamination robot

As the inside of reactor buildings are highly contaminated, robots for decontamination were developed. (Following photos are robots for lower level)







Research robot

In order to measure radiation dose and take photos inside buildings, robots with camera which can move on debris were developed.

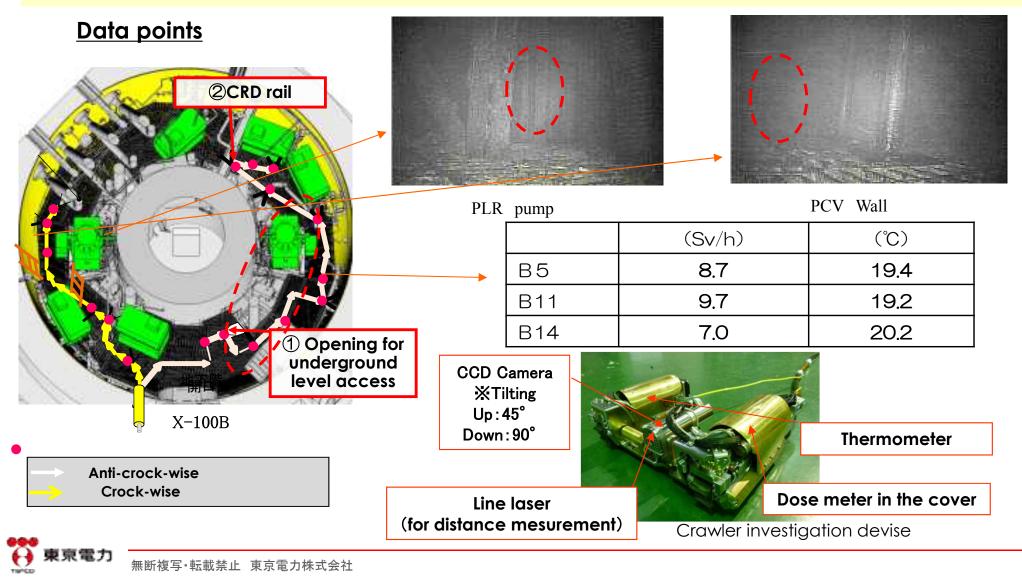




5. Unit1: PCV Investigation --- Methodology ---

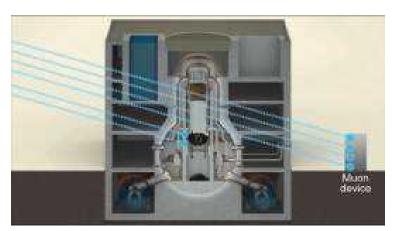
- Investigation wascarried out twice in crock-wise and anti-crock-wise directions using a crawler devise.
- Information such as visual image, temperature and dose was obtained at each point.

17



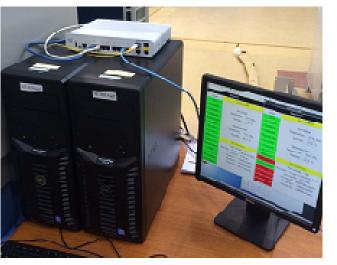
Fluoroscope technology development using cosmic ray muon is under progress by IRID(International Research Institute for Nuclear Decommissioning) and HIGH ENERGY ACCELERATOR RESEARCH ORGANIZATION (KEK)

Currently, large lumps of fuel (measuring more than 1m) have not been confirmed at the reactor core where the fuel used to be located. This result is basically consistent with TEPCO's previously announced estimation of the reactor and the containment vessel conditions.





Installing the measuring equipment

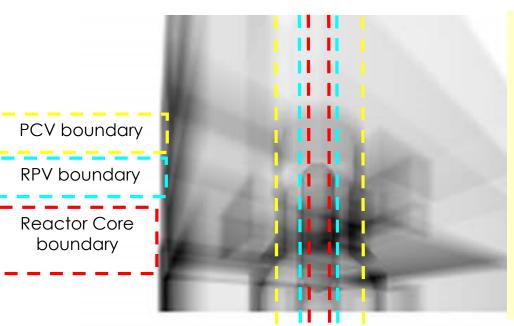


18

PC for accumulating data

Courtesy of the International Research Institute for Nuclear Decommissioning (IRID)

5.Unit 1: Fuel Debris investigation (MUON) --- Primary result ---

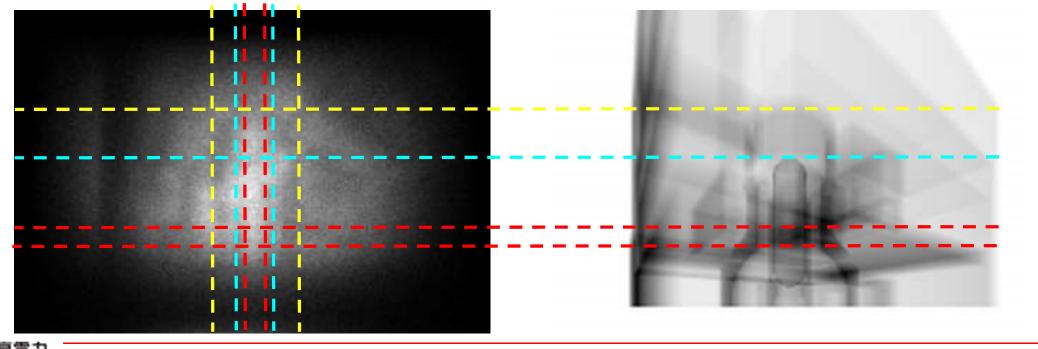


The image of the measurement data shows that the PCV, the PRV and the core are in positions where they should be.

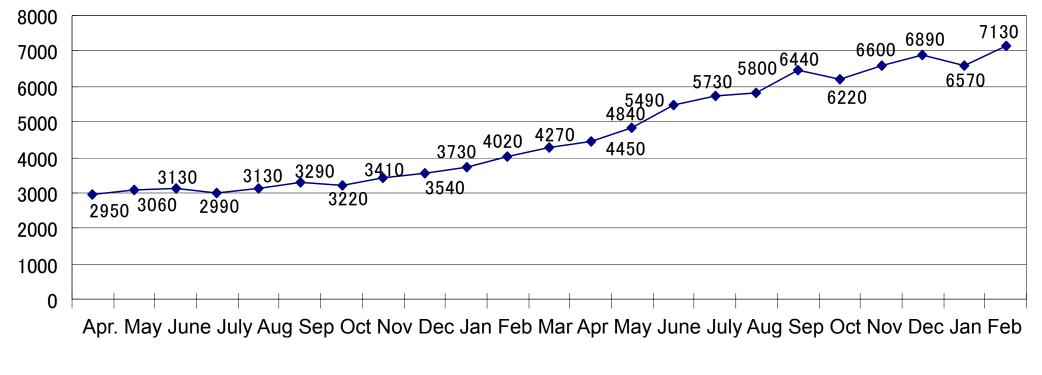
19

Boundaries of the PCV and RPV on the design drawings are consistent with the measured data.

However, the measured data do not show the existence of high-density substances (fuels) in the original position of the reactor core.



The number of workers (TEPCO and contractors) at Fukushima Daiichi has been growing and goes beyond 7000 in February 2014. By talking with main contractors, TEPCO makes sure that sufficient work force will be available in the future.



FY 2013

FY 2014

20

Trend of number of workers at Fukushima Daiichi after April 2013

Removal of rubble

Before work



In front of the Unit 2 T/B



Radioactive Waste Management Building



In front of the Unit 4 T/B





After work

Sort out in tank areas



After work







Pavement at coastal side

Before work



After work

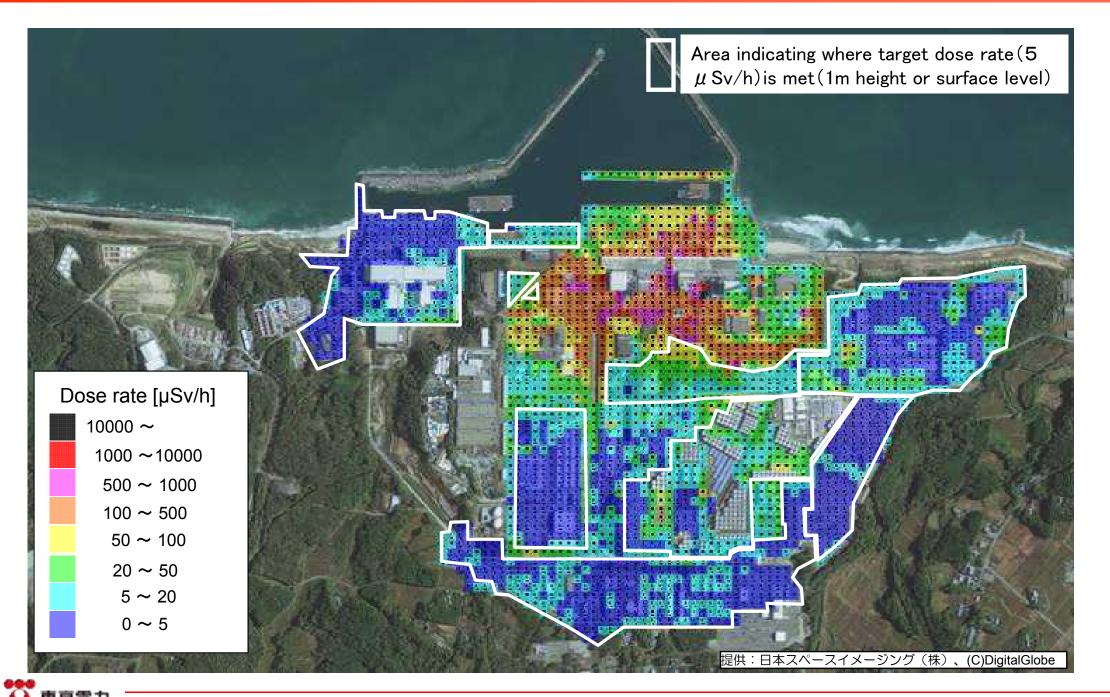




6. Improving working environment

(Dose level distribution at site $-30m \times 30m$ mesh, 1m height -)

22





Thank you for your kind attention

